#### SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT



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# SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY ELECTRICAL PLAN CHECK CORRECTION SHEET (209) 468-2098 FAX (209) 468-9907

PERMIT NO:	DATE:	
PROJECT:		
APPLICANT:	PHONE #:	
OWNER:	PHONE #	
JOBSITE ADDRESS:		
CHECKED BY:		
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A. GENERAL

Present California Law mandates that all construction comply with Title 24 and the following model codes:

2007 California Fire Code

2007 California Electrical Code

2007 Energy Efficiency Standards, Title 24, Part 6

### A. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The plans shall bear the signature and registration number of a State of California:
  - a. Registered Electrical Engineer, or
  - b. Licensed Architect, or
  - c. Licensed Electrical Contractor (C-10), or
  - d.
- Provide two sets of corrected plan along with the original marked up plan prior to the plan's approval.
- 3. Indicate the job address on the plan(s).
- 4. Submit a separate plan check application for permitting of each building.

- 5. Provide site plan.
- 6. Indicate the use of each room/area.
- 7. Provide a layout of the proposed electrical system including all required details.
- 8. Indicate the scale used on drawings.
- 9. Plans shall be legible.
- 10. Provide fixture schedule.
- 11. Provide a legend of all symbols used.
- 12. Electrical equipment shall be listed by a recognized electrical testing laboratory or approved by the Department. Provide a note on the plans.

- 13. Clarify the scope of work, new and existing on the plans.
- Provide load schedules for panel boards, distribution 14. boards, motor control centers, and switchboards.
- 15. Show movable and relocatable partitions, office modules and office furnishings which contain electric wiring, including lighting and receptacles, on the plan(s). 16. Submit the following information:
- 17. Correct the following inconsistencies:
- 18. Additional plan check fee of \$ pending is due.

#### SINGLE-LINE DIAGRAM В

- Provide single line diagram. 1.
- Indicate feeder sizes and approximate lengths on 2. single-line diagram for voltage drop calculations and fault current calculations.
- Indicate the short circuit current ratings, and other 3. characteristics of circuit to be protected and shall be selected and coordinated to permit the circuit-protective device used to clear a \_(110.10).
- fault.. Show overcurrent device for transformers.
- 4.
- Show overcurrent device for sub-panels. 5.
- Indicate electrical rating of transformers, buses, circuit 6. breakers, panel boards, motors and
- 7. Unless listed otherwise, the ampacity of 600 Volts or less conductors shall be based on the terminals not to exceed the lowest temperature rating of any connected termination, conductor, \_\_\_\_(110-14(c) device.
- Indicate existing electrical loads. 8.
- Indicate new electrical loads. 9.
- 10. Show rating of existing electrical service
- Provide balanced panel schedule. 11.
- 12. No piping, ducts or equipment foreign to electrical equipment shall be permitted to be located within the dedicated space above the electrical equipment. Provide a note on the plans.\_\_\_\_\_(110.26 (F) (1) (A).
- 13. Provide and maintain required work space, adequate illumination, access to work space and head room about electrical equipment.

\_\_\_\_(110.26) (D)

(215.5)

- 14. For electrical equipment rated 1200 amperes or more and over 6 feet (1.83m) wide:
  - a. There shall be one entrance not less than 24 inches (610 mm) wide and 6-1/2 feet (1.98 m) high at each end.
  - b. The door(s) shall open in the direction of egress and be provided with approved panic bars. (110.26(C)(2))

15. Provide protection from physical damage for switchboards, panelboards and other electrical equipment.\_\_\_\_\_.110.27(A)

#### <u>C</u>. **BRANCH CIRCUITS**

- 1. Indicate circuit designations near outlets, luminaries, equipment and identify all home-run (s)
- Indicate circuit conductor size (s). 2.
- Correct excessive voltage drop on branch circuit(s), 5% 3. maximum:
- Provide a receptacle outlet within six feet (1.83 m) of 4. any point along walls in livable rooms of dwelling occupancies. (210.52(A))
- Provide ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protection 5. on receptacle(s) located in kitchens, bathrooms, garages, outdoors, crawl spaces, unfinished basements and wet bars of dwelling units and bathrooms and roof tops of any occupancy.

(210.8)

- Provide ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protection 6. on receptacles located within 6 feet of wet bar in dwelling unit(s).\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_(210.8 (A)(7))
- Provide show window lighting(s) and receptacle branch 7. circuit(s) and outlets. (210.62,220.12)
- A single receptacle installed on an individual branch 8. circuit shall have an ampere rating of not less than that of the branch circuit. Indicate the receptacle rating. (210.21(B)(1))
- 9. Provide a dedicated 20-ampere circuit for receptacles in dwelling unit bathroom(s) (210.11(C)(3), 210.52(D)
- 10. Provide a combination rated arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI) protection on branch circuits serving dwelling unit bedroom outlet(s).

- 11. A 125-volt, single-phase. 15 or 20 ampere rated receptacle outlet shall be installed at same level of the heating, air-conditioning, and refrigeration equipment. (210.63)
- 12 Other than Dwelling. All 125-volt, single-phase, 15 and 20-ampere receptacles installed in the locations specified in 210.8 (B),(1) (2) (3)AND (4) shall have ground-fault circuit --interrupter.

#### FEEDERS D

Address voltage drop on feeder(s), 3% maximum; 1.

\_(210.19(A), 215.2(A)(4))

- 2. Correct under sized feeders
- 3. Indicate feeder conductor size (s).
- 4. Indicate sub-feeder conductor size (s).
- 5. A building or structure shall be supplied by one feeder or branch circuit.\_\_\_\_\_ (225.30)

\_(210.12) (B).

#### E. BRANCH CIRCUITS & FEEDER CALCULATIONS

- 1. Branch circuits loads were incorrectly calculated or omitted: \_\_\_\_\_ (220.3)
- 2. Provide 150 VA load for every 2 feet (600 mm) of track light. \_\_\_\_\_(220.43(B))
- 3. Provide proper feeder, panel board and branch circuit ampacity for general lighting as required for the particular occupancy. \_\_\_\_\_(220.3 215.2)
- 4. Provide a dedicated branch circuit for exterior sign or outline lighting system.

\_\_(600.5(A))5.

- 5. Provide a dedicated branch circuit for the light and air conditioning and heating sources for each elevator car. (620.22)
- 6. Feeder loads were incorrectly calculated or omitted:
- Provide a minimum of 200 VA for each linear foot of show window. (220.12(A)
- Feeder and branch circuit rating shall be based on not less than noncontinuous loads and 125% of continuous loads. \_\_\_\_\_\_ (219.(A) (1).
- 9. Provide 180 VA of load for each general use receptacle. \_\_\_\_\_(220.3(B)(9)&(11)
- 10. Small Appliance branch circuits shall be rated at 1500 VA each. \_\_\_\_\_(220.52 (A)

# F. <u>SERVICES</u>

- 1. Show the service conductor routing from utility to service point. \_\_\_\_\_(225.1).
- 2. Provide a copy of the utility company's service planning report indicating the available fault current, voltage, amperes and phase at the service.
- 3. Provide an elevation drawing of the service equipment. Indicate dimensions and show each sections, meters, and disconnects.\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Service disconnect(s) shall be located nearest the point of entrance of the service entrance conductors.

(225.31 ,225.32)

- 5 **<u>NUMBER OF SERVICES.</u>** A building or other structure served shall be supplied by only one service unless permitted in (230.2).
- Number of Supplies. Where more than one building or other structure is on the same property and under single management, each additional building or structure served that is on the load side of the service disconnecting means shall be supplied by one feeder or branch circuit unless permitted in 225.30 (A) through (E). For the purpose of this section, multi wire branch circuit shall be considered a single circuit.
- 7. One-Family Dwelling. the service disconnecting means shall have a rating of not less than 100 amperes,3 wire (230.79 (C).
- 8. All Others. The service disconnecting means shall have a rating of not less than 60 amperes. (230.79(D).

- 9. No more than six service disconnecting means is permitted at any one location.\_\_\_\_\_(230.71(A))
- 10. The two to six disconnects as permitted in section 230-71 shall be grouped. \_\_\_\_\_(230.72(A))
- 11. No more than one service disconnecting means is permitted for motor control centers. \_\_\_\_\_(430.95)
- 12. The service equipment shall have a rating not less than the load served. This load shall be calculated per Article 220. (230.79)

- Ground fault protection is required on each 1000 amperes or more, 4W, 277/480 volts wiring system of a service or a feeder disconnecting means. (230.95,215.10)
- 15. When more than one building or other structure is on the same property and under single management, each building or structure shall be provided with means for disconnecting all ungrounded conductors.

\_(225.31)

- 16. Equipment shall not be connected to the supply side of the service disconnecting means. \_\_\_\_\_(230.82)
- 17. In a multiple occupancy building, the occupants shall have access to their service disconnecting means. (230.72(C)
- Provide service load calculations for 120/240 V, 3 phase, 4W delta system in accordance with Electrical Code .
- 19. Service and feeder demand load calculation for existing loads shall be in accordance with Section 220.35.
- 20. Provide a single–line diagram. (215.5)
- 21. Show sub-panel overcurrent device options at separate structure(s).
- 23. All service panels ,sub-panels, circuits shall be legibly identified as to purpose or directory.

#### <u>G.</u> <u>OVERCURRENT PROTECTION AND SHORT</u> <u>CIRCUIT PROTECTION (ELECTRICAL SYSTEM</u> <u>COORDINATION.)</u>

- Indicate the provisions to ensure the proper operation of Ground Fault Protection equipment shall be provided for solidly grounded wye electrical services of more than 150 voltage to ground but not exceeding 600 volts phase to phase for each service disconnect rated 1000 amperes or more .\_\_\_\_\_ 230.95(C), 240.13, 110.26)
- Provide proper overcurrent protection for conductors in accordance with their ampacities specified in (310.15).
  (240.4)
- 3. Overcurrent devices shall be connected at the supply point of ungrounded conductors. \_\_\_\_(240.60(B))
- 4. Fuses shall be provided with rejection type fuse holders. Provide notes on the plan. (240.60(B))
- 5. Provide short circuit analysis including motor contribution. (110.10,)
- 6. For series rating is used for short circuit protection:
  - Indicate the series combination interrupting rating of overcurrent devices. Identify on the plan, the fuse class and the circuit breaker manufacturer, model designation, type and electrical rating used as part of series rating.
    - b. Series combination interrupting rating shall not be used when the second device in the series is

<sup>13.</sup> 

subjected to a total connected full load motor current of more than 1% of its AIC rating.

- c. Motor circuit protectors shall not be used as part of a series combination interrupting rating.
- d. Provide a cautionary label to the series rated device cover stating "Caution Series Rated System \_\_\_\_\_A available. Identified replacement component required. (240.86,(A) 110.3, 110.22, UL Recognition Directory)

### H. GROUNDING

- 1. Provide properly sized grounding electrode conductors for the service(s). (250.20, 250.26, 250.66)
- 2. Separately derived systems shall be separately grounded.\_\_\_\_\_

\_(250.20(D),(30)

- Where two or more buildings or structures are supplied by a common ac service by a feeder(s) or branch circuit (s), the grounding electrode(s) required in Part III of this article at each building or structure shall be connected in the manner specified in 250.32(B) or (C)
- 4. Where there are no existing grounding electrodes, the grounding electrode(s) required in Part III of this article shall be installed. (250.32 & 50)
- 5. All services supplying a building shall have the same grounding electrode system. (250.58)
- 6. Provide properly sized grounding conductors for equipment and raceway systems. Table (250.122)
- Show grounding at sub-panels within same structure (s)
  Sub-panel grounding options at separate structure
- (s)(250.32).

#### BONDING OF PIPING SYSTEMS

- 1.Metal piping systems shall be bonding as required in<br/>(A)(1) ,(A)(2), (A)(3) of article250.104)
- 2. Metal water pipe ground shall be supplemented by an additional ground electrode. (250.50, 250.52(A))
- All equipment fastened in place or connected by permanent wiring method shall be grounded (250.110 &.(112).
- Where the phase conductors are increased in size (e.g. for voltage drop compensation), equipment grounding conductor shall be increased in size proportionately. (250.122(B))
- Provide an equipment grounding conductor between service and remote panelboard serving swimming pool equipment. (680.25 (A)(B))(1)(2).
- 6. Provide equipment grounding conductors for all pool related equipment and bond together. (680.26) (A)(B)(3)(4)(5) (C)(1)(2)(3)(a)(b)(c).
- 7. Patient care area receptacles shall be grounded by an insulated copper conductor. (517-13(A)(B)
- Panel boards serving power to same patient vicinity shall be bonded together with minimum #10 insulated copper conductor. (517.14)
- 9. Show on plans how Equipotential Plane will be addressed (547.2

#### J. SWIMMING POOLS, FOUNTAINS Indicate on plans applicable requirements

- 1. Grounding. Electrical equipment shall be grounded in accordance Part V, V1, and V11 of article (250 &(680.6)
- Wet-niche luminaries (Fixtures) shall be grounded with a minimum number 8 AWG insulated bonding jumper in the forming shell and shall be covered with or encapsulated in, a listed potting compound to protect the connection. (680. 23)(B) (2) (b).
- 3. Equipotential Bonding. (680.26 (A)(B)(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) (C) (D).

(a) **Performance**. The Equipotential bonding required by this section shall be installed to eliminate voltage gradients in pool area as prescribed.

(b) Metallic Structure Components. All metallic parts of the pool structure, including the reinforcing metal of the pool shell, coping stones, and deck shall be bond. The usual shell tie wires shall be considered suitable for bonding the reinforcing steel.

(c) Equipotential Bonding Grid. The parts specified in 680.26(B) shall be connected to an Equipotential bonding grid with a solid copper conductor, insulated, covered, or bare, not smaller than 8 AWG, connection shall be made by exothermic welding or by listed pressure connectors or clamps that are labeled for the purpose and are of stainless, brass, copper, or alloy. The Equipotential common grid shall extend under paved walking surfaces for (3ft) horizontally beyond the inside walls of the pool and shall be permitted to be of the structural reinforcing steel of a concrete pool where the reinforcing rods are bonded together by the usual steel ties or the equivalent.

(d) Grid shall be of a minimum # 3 reinforcing steel at 18 inches on center

(e) The Equipotential bonding grid shall apply to fiber glass pools that extend under paved walking surfaces for (3 ft.) horizontally beyond the inside walls of the pool.

### K. WIRING METHODS

- Conductors rated over 600 volts shall not occupy the same wiring enclosure, raceway or cable with conductors of 600 volts or less. (300.3(C)(2))
- In dwelling units and guest rooms of hotels, motels and similar occupancies, the lighting and outlet circuit voltage shall not exceed 120 volts nominal. (210.6(A))
- 3. Indicate the burial depth of underground conduits and conductors & specify the cover material. (Table 300.5)
- 4. Conduits that are exposed to widely different temperatures, such as coolers, freezers or service entrance conductors, shall be sealed to prevent circulation of air and/or moisture. (300.7(A))
- 5. Provide cable supports on vertical runs. (300.19)

- 6. Identify the type of cable trays used, dimensions, conductor types, and provide cable tray fill calculations per Article 392.
- 7. Areas below access floors shall not be used as a plenum or for storage purposes.
- 8. Rooms containing access floors shall have a smoke detection system
- 9. Wiring methods beneath the access floors shall comply with all requirements.
- 10. Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter on the pool lighting circuit. (680.23)(A)(3).

#### L. CONDUCTORS FOR GENERAL WIRING

- 1. Provide the proper wire type (temperature rating) for use in the following applications:
  - (310.13)
- The following branch circuit/feeder conductors are improperly sized:

\_Table 310.15)

- Where the number of conductors in a raceway or cable exceeds three, the allowable ampacity of each conductor shall be reduced per Table 310-15(B)(2)(a). (310-15(B)(2))
- 4. Types NM, NMC and NMS cable(s) cannot be used for \_\_\_\_\_(334.12)(A) (1) thru (10).
- Where the maximum ambient temperature is over 30°C, (86°F), the referenced correction factors shall apply to conductors.\_\_\_\_\_(Tables 310.16 to 19).

#### M CONDUIT RACEWAYS, J-BOXES, ETC.

- 1. Indicate the number of conductors in raceways \_\_\_\_\_\_(300.17, Chapter 9, Table 1)
- Provide proper conduit size on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(Chapter 9, Tables 4, 5 & 5A)
  A separate grounding conductor shall be installed in
- 3. A separate grounding conductor shall be installed in non-metallic conduit runs. (352.60)
- 4. Show exit signs and location(s) and shall not be used as J-boxes. (700.9)
- 5. Indicate type of conduit(s) used \_\_\_\_\_\_(Chapter 9, Table 4, Appendix C)
- 6. Show circuit number (s) and electrical panel ID to each home run:

# N. SWITCHES, PANELS, & ROOF EQUIPMENT

- 1. Provide permanent access to roof mounted equipment. (240.24, 430.102, 440.14)
- 2. Switches, circuit breakers, fuses shall be readily accessible (404.8(A), 240.24, 430.102, 440.14)
- 3. Provide individual overcurrent protection on the supply side of each lighting and appliance branch circuit panel board. (408.136(A)

4. Provide weather proof, GFCI protected outlets within 25 feet (7.5 m) of roof mounted equipment

(210.63,210.8(B)(2))

5. Circuit breakers used as switches in 120 and 277 volt fluorescent lighting circuits shall be listed and marked "SWD" or "HID." (240.83(D))

### O. FIRE PUMP

- I.Fire pump circuit conduits shall be encased in no less<br/>than 2 inches of concrete.(695.6)
- 2. Show the routing of fire pump feeder. (695.6)
- Overcurrent protection for fire pump services shall provide short circuit protection and shall be set to carry fire pump motor locked rotor current indefinitely. (695.4(B)(1))

# P. MOTORS

- Provide the nameplate current rating of the following: a. Locked-rotor current of Torque motors.
  - a. Locked-rotor current of lorque mo
  - b. AC adjustable voltage motors.
  - c. Low speed (1200 RPM or Less) motors.
  - d. Multi-speed motors.
  - e. Noncontinuous duty motors.
    - (430.6, 430.22, Table 430.150)
- Indicate the Duty-Cycle service and design of motors. This information should include the motors duty and time rating. (430.22, Table 430.22(E))
- 3. Provide proper conductor size for motor(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_(430.22, 430.24, 430.26)
- 4. Provide overload protection for motor(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_(430.31, 430.32)
- 5. Provide proper short circuit protection for motor(s) (specify breaker/fuse type). (430.52)
- An individual branch circuit is required for each motor over one horsepower or 6 amperes of full load current. (430.53(A))
- Provide properly located disconnects, types and size on motor(s) (430.102, .103, .109, .110)

### Q. TRANSFORMERS

- 1. Provide overcurrent protection on the primary of the transformer (450.3)
- 2. Provide overcurrent protection for the secondary conductors of transformer. (240.21)
- 3. Indicate transformer(s) secondary tap length(s) (240.21)
- 4. Provide adequate ventilation in transformer room(s).l \_\_\_\_\_

#### \_(450.9)

### R. CLINICS

- 1. Provide a list of equipment to be installed.
- 2. Equipment classified for life-support purpose shall be supplied from an essential system as required.

- Indicate if the clinic is or will be licensed by the State of 3. California.
- Provide a generator to supply all the loads in the 4. ambulatory surgical clinics.
- Wiring installation within an ambulatory surgical or hem 5. dialvsis clinics.
- Provide a nurse call system in the birthing clinic. 6.
- Provide minimum of 100 foot-`candle at working surface 7. in a birthing clinic. Show foot-candle calculation.
- Operating room of a surgical clinic shall include a clock 8 and elapsed timer and an x-ray film illuminator.
- 9. If Ethylene Oxide sterilizers are on emergency power. the exhaust system shall also be supplied from the emergency power.
- 10. Provide an audible and visual alarm system to alert sterilizer operating personnel in the event of drop in air flow below the designed cubic feet per minute.
- 11. Provide two branch circuits at the patient bed location in a surgical clinic. One circuit shall be from a normal panel and the other from an emergency panel..)

#### **HAZARDOUS AREAS** <u>s.</u>

- Provide hazardous classification by class, division or zones and group, and show boundaries of the hazardous area(s). (Art. 500, 516)
- Wiring in hazardous areas shall comply with the Code 2. provisions for those areas. (Art. 400, 516)
- Provide conduit seals at boundaries of hazardous areas. 3. (501.15, 502.5, 504.70, 513.8, 514.7, 515.9)
- Maximum permitted cross-section fill of seals shall not 4. exceed 25% of the cross-sectional area of a conduit of the same trade size unless specifically approved.

(501-15(c)(6))

- Submit details of the natural or mechanical ventilation 5. provided in garage area(s). \_\_\_\_\_(511.3)
- Provide GFCI protection for outlets in repair garages. 6. (511-12)
- Classify the pits in the garage areas. (511.3(B)) 7.
- Electrical equipment located in operations that generate 8. explosive or flammable vapors, fumes or dust shall be interlocked with the ventilation system so that the equipment can not be operated unless the ventilation fans are in operation. (511.4(B)(1).

#### **EMERGENCY SYSTEMS** Τ

- Provide (a) properly sized emergency power source(s) 1. for required emergency load(s). (700.5)
- A completely independent raceway and wiring system 2. shall be installed for emergency circuits. (700.9)
- Emergency lights shall be provided in all means of exit 3. and exit path ways.
- 4. Emergency lighting shall provide a uniformly distributed minimum of 1.0 foot-candle illumination at floor level. Provide foot-candle calculation (include lighting

depreciation factors).

- ( 5. Emergency exit illumination shall be supplied from:
  - a. a generator,
  - b. storage battery, or
  - c. a unit equipment. Provide exit signs.
- 6. Provide low level exit path marking. 7.
- 8. Provide battery capacity calculation.
- (700.5, 12(A)) Storage batteries shall comply with Article 480. 9.
- 10. Provide seismic calculations for bracing support of emergency equipment.
- 11. Exit signs shall be supplied by two circuits, one from normal source and one from emergency source. \_ (700.17, 700.3 & 100.3.
- 12. Provide a lock-on device for circuits supplying emergency unit equipment. \_\_\_\_(700.12(E)Exception)
- 13. The branch circuit feeding the unit equipment shall be the same branch circuit as that serving the normal lighting in the area and connected ahead of any local switches. (700.12(E))

#### U. FIRE PROTECTIVE SIGNALING SYSTEMS

- 1. Submit a variance to separate fire warning system or provide the following information in this section.
- 2. Provide a fire warning system.
- The fire warning system shall be supplied from an 3. approved source.
- The fire warning panel shall be connected ahead of the 4. main service disconnect. (230-82 Ex.4, 701.11(E), 240.21).
- An individual multi-wire branch circuit is required to 5. supply the fire warning system unless a primary battery supplies the trouble signal devices of the signaling svstem.
- Fire warning equipment shall be listed by a recognized 6. testing laboratory and shall be approved by the State Fire Marshall.
- 7. Fire warning system conductors shall be installed in metal raceways unless they are specifically approved for exposed installation. (760.25, 30)
- Power limited circuit conductors shall run separately 8. from non power limited circuits. (760.54)
- 9. The fire warning system shall be checked and approved by the Fire Department before the approval of the final plans.
- 10. Provide a worst case DC voltage drop calculation using Chapter 9, Table 8
- 11. Indicate type of fire protective signaling systems. (Power or Non-Power limited) (760.15)
- 12. Fire protective signaling systems shall be equipped with approved control panel(s) and enunciator(s).
- 13. Provide battery load calculation.
- 14. The secondary battery load calculation shall include the total system supervisory and alarm loads.
- 15. Provide approved strobes in common corridors or hallways.

16. Provide a fire control center, fire alarm and fire warning system, public address system and two way communication system.

### V MACHINERY ROOM

- 1. A readily accessible control switch shall be provided to shut off all electrically operated machinery in machinery room(s).
- No electrical equipment other than specified Mechanical Code shall be located in machinery room(s).\_\_\_\_\_\_
- Purging fans and associated equipment in a refrigerant room containing refrigerants other than group A1or B1 shall comply with the requirements of Article 500 Class I Division 1 area.
- 4. Provide a readily accessible emergency ON-only fan control switch outside of machinery room(s).
- 5. Provide a readily accessible machinery room fan ventilation system switch outside of the room's main entrance.
- 6. Machinery rooms shall have approved refrigerant vapor detectors and shall activate visual and audible alarms when the concentration of refrigerant vapor exceeds 25 percent of the LFL.
- 7. Refrigerant detection and alarm systems shall be powered and supervised as required for fire alarm systems in accordance with the Fire Code.
- 8. The detection and alarm systems shall be annunciated at an approved location in accordance with the fire code.
- 9. Provide sufficient illumination and service receptacles to safely perform required tasks in the machinery rooms.

### W. SMOKE DETECTORS

- 1. Permanently wired smoke detector with battery backup is required for the following:
  - a. Sleeping rooms.
  - b. Area giving access to sleeping rooms.
  - c. Each level of stairways and basement.
  - d. Upper level of split story or basement floors.
  - e. Each level of split unit containing a lower level sleeping room.
  - f. A room open to a hallway serving a bedroom, and the hallway, provided that the ceiling of the room exceeds the hallway by 24 inches.

### X OVER 600 VOLTS

- 1. Provide proper type and size of overcurrent protection for high voltage feeders. 240.100)
- Medium voltage equipment shall be listed by recognized testing laboratory or approved by the Department. (110.2)
- 3. Provide detail, specifications, and evidence of listings for the following: 110.2)
  - a. Cables.
  - Overcurrent protective devices (electrical ratings, type, AIC rating, close-and-latch rating, breakers "K" factor, MVA rating, continuous rating, fuse timecurrent curves)
  - c. Transformer(s) (rating, listing, etc.)
  - d. Raceway(s) (size, material, etc.)
  - e. Terminations and Splices.
  - f. Pull boxes and Manholes.
  - g. Disconnect devices (type, size, electrical rating, magnetizing current interrupting ratings, cable charging rating, fault close rating, etc.)
  - h. Switchgear(s), Substation(s), Unit substation(s).
  - I. Grounding impedance (continuous and watt rating, etc.)
  - j.
- 4. Clarify the grounding method used. Include information on size and termination method. (Art. 250)
- Provide detail on high impedance grounding. (Art. 250)
  Provide capacitive current charge calculation.
  - (Art. 250, 250.6)

# Y. LOW VOLTAGE POWER CIRCUITS

- 1. Identify all Class 2 and Class 3 circuits. (725.41)
- Z. STATE ENERGY REGULATIONS (Title 24, Part 6, California Code of Regulation)

T-24 Standards, Design Manuals, Forms and Tables are available at the California Energy Commission website: <u>www.energy.ca.gov/</u>

### **DOCUMENTATION:**

- 1. Submit lighting calculations on 2005 lighting compliance forms for new indoor (conditioned & non-conditioned spaces) and outdoor lighting to be installed. (146)
- Certificate(s) of compliance, forms LTG-1-C for interior lighting (Parts 1&2) and OLTG-1-C (Parts 1&2) for outdoor lighting shall be printed on plans. (10-103(a))
- 3. The certificate(s) of compliance shall be signed by the person responsible for its preparation prior to plan check approval. (10-103(a))
- 4. Provide list of lighting mandatory measures on plans. (10-103(a))

### EFFICACY:

5. High efficacy luminaires shall meet Table 150:

Lamp Power Rating	Minimum Lamp Efficacy
Up to 15 watts	40 lumens per watt
Over 15 watts to 40 watts	50 lumens per watt
Over 40 watts	60 lumens per watt

6. Residential lighting:

- Permanently installed luminaires in residential kitchens, bathroom, garages, laundry rooms, and utility rooms shall be high efficacy luminaires. (130(b), 150(k))
- b. All other residential luminaires shall be high efficacy type unless controlled by certified dimmers or occupancy sensors. (150(k)4)
- c. Outdoor luminaires shall be high efficacy type unless controlled by certified occupancy sensors with integral photocontrol. (150(k))
- 7. Hotel/Motel guest rooms:
  - a. Luminaires in guestrooms shall be high efficacy types. (130(b), 150(k))
- The wattage for incandescent or tungsten-halogen luminaires with medium screw base sockets shall be the maximum relamping wattage labeled on the luminaire. (130(c))
- 9. Outdoor luminaires:
  - a. Outdoor luminaires over 100 watts shall have a lamp efficacy of minimum 60 lumens per watt or be controlled by a motion sensor. (132(a))
  - b. Outdoor luminaires over 175 watts in hardscape areas shall be designated Cutoff for light distribution. (132(b))
- 10. Signs:
  - For internally illuminated signs (indoor & outdoor), the maximum allowed lighting power shall be 12 watts per square feet of sign area. For double faced signs, only single face shall be used to calculate the allowed lighting power. (148)
  - b. For externally illuminated signs, the maximum allowed lighting power shall be 2.3 watts per square feet of illuminated sign area. (148)
  - c. As alternative to items (a) and (b) above, sign(s) shall be illuminated by one or more of following light sources:

High pressure sodium, pulse start and ceramic metal Halide, neon, cold cathode, light emitting diodes, Barrier coat rare earth phosphor fluorescent lamps, Compact fluorescent lamps that do not contain a Medium base socket;

11. Electric resistance heating systems shall not be used for space heating.(144(g), 151(f)(6))

# CONTROLS:

- 12. The switching or control device shall be located so that a person using the device can see the lights or area controlled by that switch. Label the switches and lights correspondingly. (131(a))
- Provide an independent switching or control device for each area enclosed by ceiling-height partitions. (131(a))
- 14. Provide dual switching for the general lighting. (131(b))
- 15. Provide automatic shut-off control for indoor lighting with override switching device. (131(d)1.2)
- 16. Show the locations of the override switches and show the area of coverage, not exceeding 5,000 sq. ft. per floor. (131(d)2)
- 17. Provide an independent control for at least 50% of the lights in daylight areas. (131(c))
- 18. Provide automatic shutoff control for daylight areas.
- 19. Non-high efficacy luminaires in residential units shall be controlled by dimmers or occupancy sensors.
- 20. Outdoor lighting shall be controlled by a photocontrol or astronomical time switch. (132(c)1)
- 21. Provide automatic time switch that reduces lighting by 50%-80% when not needed or provide a dimmer control for building facades, parking lots, garages, sales/non-sales canopies, and all outdoor sales area. (132(c)2)
- 22. Display lighting shall be separately switched on circuits that are 20 amperes or less. (131(e))
- 23. In office areas greater than 250 square feet with permanently installed lighting systems, a portable light power of 0.2 watts per square foot shall be included in calculation of actual lighting power density if the actual watts of the fixtures are not known. (146(a))

# A-1 BACK-UP GENERATOR

- 1. Provide generator set ratings
- 2. Alternator specifications
- 3. Engine specifications
- 4. Engine electrical
- 5. Generator foundation
- 6 Electrical plans

### X. ADDITIONAL CORRECTIONS

Code Sec. No.